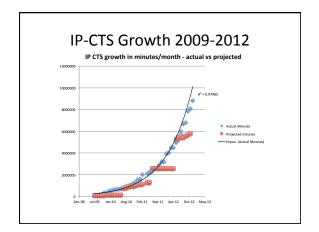
# **Captioned Telephone Service**

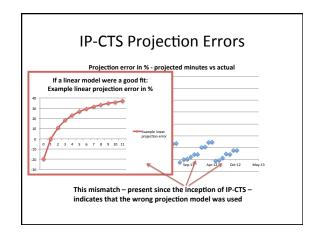
Linda Kozma-Spytek
Paula Tucker
Christian Vogler
Gallaudet University
Technology Access Program
RERC on Telecom Access

April 24, 2013

### Part I – Summary of IP-CTS growth

Summarizes main points of RERC-TA filing in NPRM





# Slope Mismatch IP CTS growth in minutes per month - actual vs projected This slope is a better fit for 2010 data, rather than 2011. This slope is flat and does not appear to reflect any data Projected minutes Projected minutes

### Summary of IP CTS Growth Analysis

- Based on publicly available data:
  - The wrong growth projection model has been used since the inception of the service.
  - Any apparent uptick in IP-CTS growth needs to be evaluated against the correct growth model, not a linear one.
  - Even if a linear model were correct, the forecast slopes in 2011 and 2012 are too low and would have underestimated the size of TRS reimbursements.
  - More frequent projections than every 12 months are needed.

### Part II - Survey Results

Expands on RERC-TA ex parte filing of initial survey analysis

### Main Survey Findings

Consumers rely on and, in many cases, require captions in order to achieve successful communication over the telephone

- Almost all special captioned telephone users (90%) reported that the captions on their telephone are either very important or important to having a successful conversation
- More than half of the special captioned telephone users (55%) stated that they would be unable to use the telephone at all without captions

### Main Survey Findings

This survey of 2014 special captioned telephone users does not support either fraud or misuse as the source of growth in IP-CTS

- Differences in usage between recent CTS users and long-time CTS users appear to be small
- Only 8% of special captioned telephone users report sharing their equipment with hearing household members
- Only 6% of special captioned telephone users report that hearing household members do not always turn off the captions or do not know how to turn them

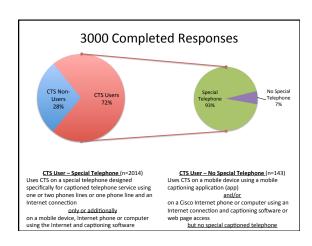
### Main Survey Findings

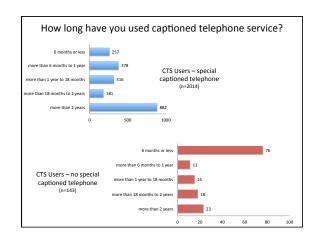
Further consumer education regarding the usage rules and funding for CTS may be helpful

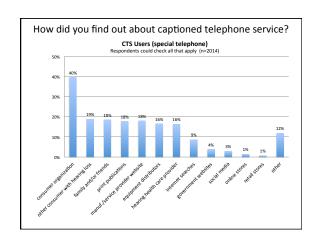
- Additional emphasis of the rules is indicated among consumers who use captioned telephone services and members of their households when they receive their special captioned telephone equipment
- Education is also indicated to improve familiarity among consumers regarding the funding source for CTS

### Captioned Telephone Service Survey

- Participation Criteria
  - An adult (18 years of age or older)
  - Anyone who is deaf, hard of hearing or a person with hearing loss
- Recruitment through consumer organizations
  - HLAA, NAD, TDI, ALDA, AGBell, AFB, etc.
  - Email, Facebook, Twitter, etc.
- Open February 22 March 8 (2 weeks)
- 3000 completed responses

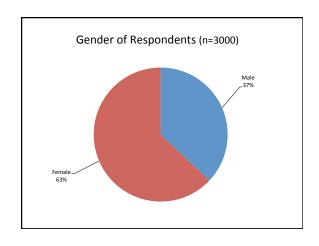


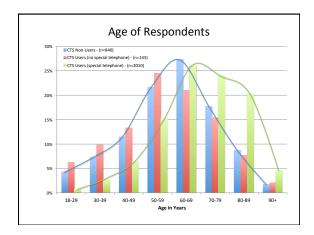


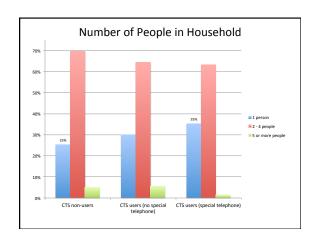


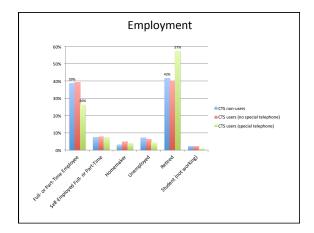
# Demographics

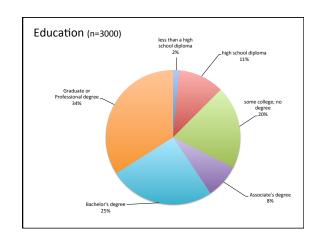
- Gender
- Age
- Number of people in household
- Employment
- Education
- Income
- Urban vs Rural Locale
- US Regional Classification (by state)

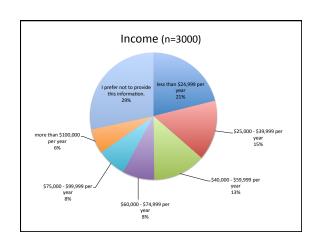


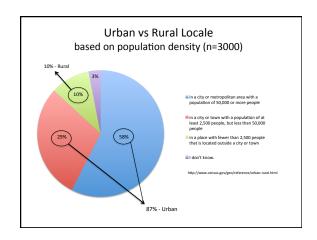


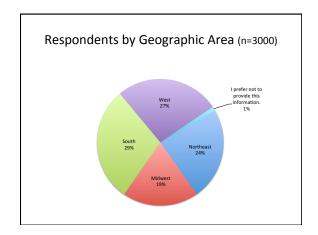




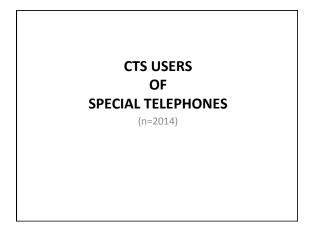


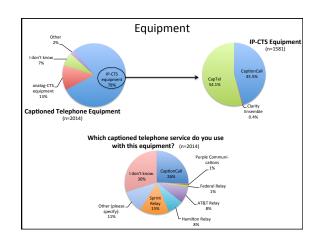


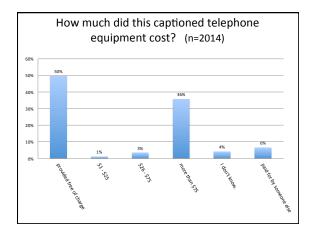


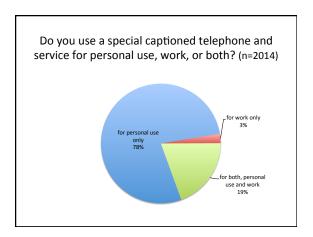


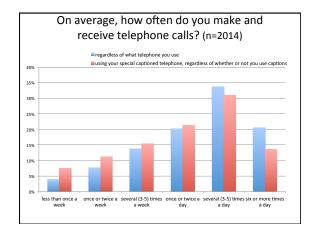
# Demographics Gender Age Household #s Employment Education Income Urban vs Rural Locale US Regional Classification (by state)

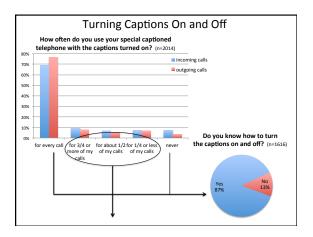






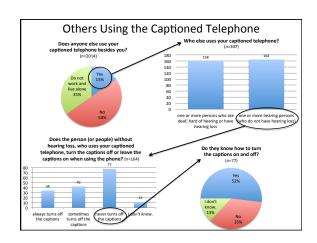


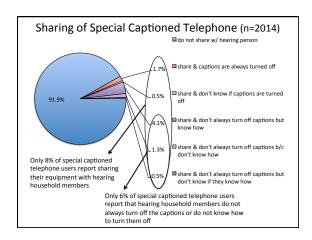


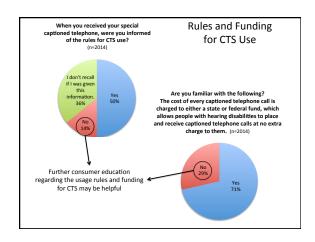


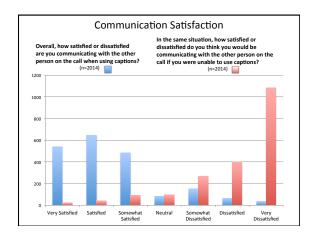
### Five Reasons for Turning Captions Off

- 1) the CTS user understands their calling partner (n=77)
- 2) because of the type of call (n=29)
- 3) because of privacy concerns; the CTS users and in one case family members did not want a third party listening to the conversation (n=27)
- 4) because the captioning quality is so poor that captions are not useful (n=23)
- 5) other miscellaneous reasons that did not fit into the other categories (n=15)

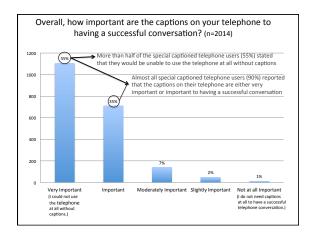


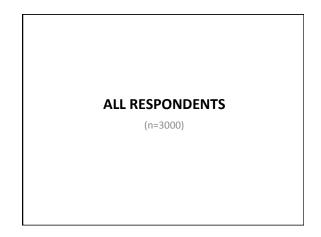


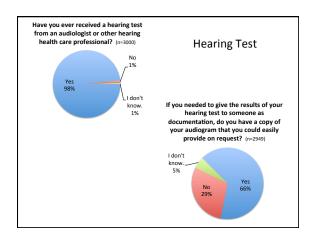


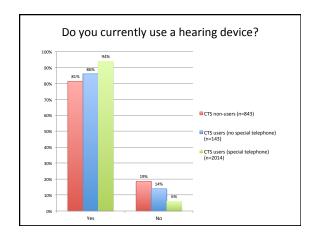


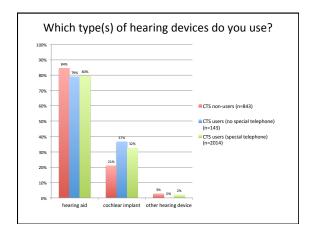
What problems, if any, are you currently experiencing with your captioned telephone service? (n=2014) - respondents could check all that apply	
60%	there is too much of a delay between when the other person on the call talks and when the captions appear
41%	captioning quality varies from call to call
36%	there are too many errors in the captions
25%	it takes too long for the captions to begin once I place a call
4%	disruption in captioning during a call
4%	receiving captioned calls is too complicated
4%	turning the captions on and off takes too long
3%	turning the captions on and off is too complicated
1%	placing captioned calls is too complicated
1%	the captions are difficult for me to read because I have another disability
1%	the equipment is difficult for me to use because I have another disability
18%	"other"
14%	I am not experiencing any of these problems with my captioned telephone and service











### Main Survey Findings

- Consumers rely on and, in many cases, require captions in order to achieve successful communication over the telephone
- This survey of 2014 special captioned telephone users does not support either fraud or misuse as the source of growth in IP-CTS
- Further consumer education regarding the usage rules and funding for CTS may be helpful

## **NIDRR** Disclaimer

The contents of this presentation were developed with funding from the National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research, U.S. Department of Education, grant number H133E090001 (RERC on Telecommunications Access). However, those contents do not necessarily represent the policy of the Department of Education, and you should not assume endorsement by the Federal Government.